

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$$

$$A \cap B =$$

$$(A^c \cap B^c) = 1 - P(A \cup B)$$

$$A^c \cap B^c$$

$$= P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

Time: 3 h

Total mark: 70 marks

Subject: engineering mathematics (3)

Final 1st term exam (13/1/2016)

Answer the following questions: 2015 فصل، يافعات

[1] a- If A, B are two independent events, show that:
 $P(A^c \cap B^c) = p(A^c)p(B^c)$.

b- Let A, B be events with $p(A) = \frac{3}{8}$, $p(B) = \frac{1}{2}$ and $p(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{4}$,
 find $p(A \cup B)$, $p(A^c)$, $p(A^c \cup B^c)$.

c- Find the expectation μ , variance σ^2 and standard deviation σ of the following distribution

x_i	-1	0	1	2	3
$f(x_i)$	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2

[2] a- Define probability function (p)?

b- For each $A, B \subseteq S$, prove that:

$$1- p(A) = 1 - p(A^c).$$

$$2- p(A \cap B) = p(A) + p(B) - p(A \cup B).$$

$$3- p(A - B) = p(A) - p(A \cap B).$$

c- Let $S = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$ and $p(a) = \frac{1}{16}$, $p(b) = \frac{1}{16}$, $p(c) = \frac{1}{8}$,

$p(d) = \frac{3}{16}$, $p(e) = \frac{1}{4}$, $p(f) = \frac{5}{16}$. And let $A = \{a, c, e\}$, $B = \{c, d, e, f\}$, $C = \{b, c, f\}$. Find $p(A|B)$, $p(A^c|C)$ and $p(C|A^c)$?

[3] a- If X is a random variable has probability density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} c(1-x^2) & , -1 < x < 1 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

i) Find the constant c .

ii) The value of $p(0 < x < 0.75)$.

b- A pair of fair dice is thrown. Let X be the random variable which denotes the minimum of the two numbers which appear. Find the distribution, mean, variance and standard deviation of X .

With my best wishes

$$S \cap (A - B) \rightarrow S \cap A - S \cap B$$

$$A - B$$

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