

Course Title: Stress Analysis  
Course Code: MPD2106  
Year: 2nd Year production Engineer

(Final Exam)

Date: 20 -1- 2020  
Allowed time: 3 hrs.  
No. of pages: 3

**Answer all the following questions: (Assume any missing data)**

**Q1.**

**(20 marks)**

- a- Three identical bars of length  $L$  are hung in a vertical position as shown in Fig.1. A rigid, weightless beam is attached to their lower ends and this in turn carries a load  $P$ . Calculate the load in each bar.

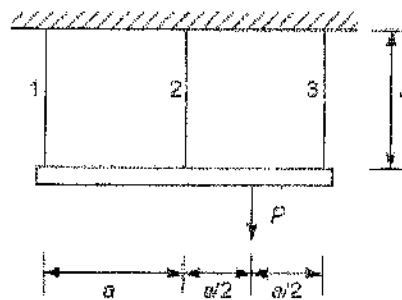


Fig.1

- b- Draw normal force, shear force and bending moment diagrams for the cranked cantilever beam shown in Figure 2. Insert all the principal values.

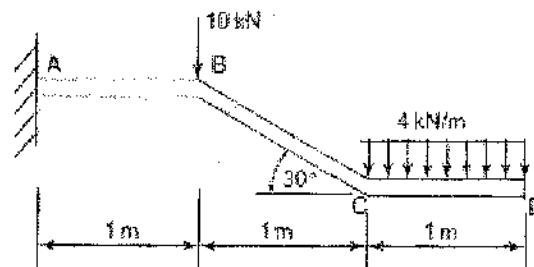


Fig (2)

**Q2.**

**(20 marks)**

- a) A 60 mm diameter steel rod supports a 20 kN tensile load and is subjected to a twisting moment of  $T = 1.5 \text{ kJ}$  as shown in figure 3. Determine the maximum tensile and the maximum shear stresses in the rod by the following.

1. Analytical method

2. Graphical method

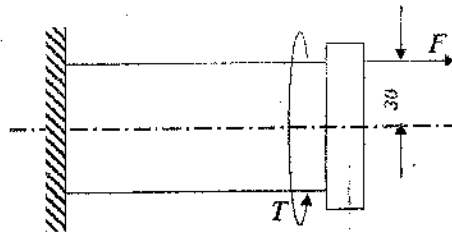


Fig (3)

- b) The block of material shown in Figure 4 is subjected to the stress system shown. If Young's modulus,  $E$ , is  $200\,000\text{ N/mm}^2$  and Poisson's ratio,  $\nu$  is  $0.3$  calculate the percentage change in volume in the block.

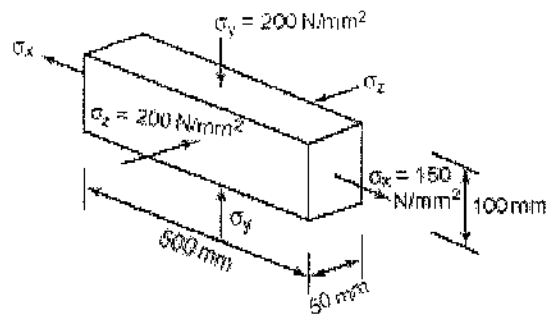


Fig (4)

Q3.

(20 marks)

- 1- For the beam shown in Fig. 5 Find the factor of safety using:

- 1) Maximum shear stress theory.
- 2) Maximum distortion energy theory.
- 3) Draw the bending moment diagram.

Take the tensile yield strength of the material as  $300\text{ MPa}$ .

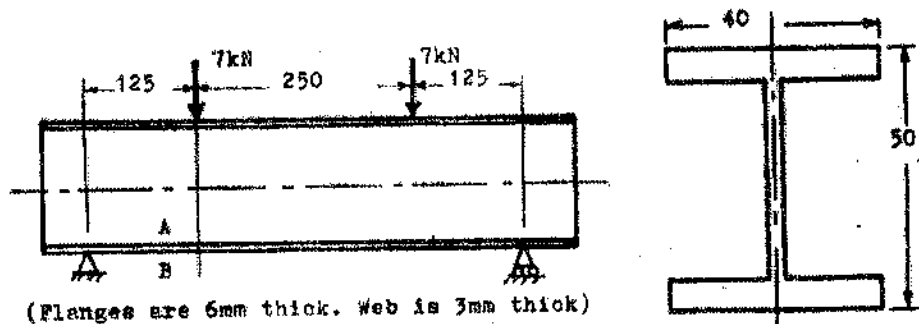


Fig (5)

- 2- A thin-walled spherical shell is fabricated from steel plates and has to withstand an internal pressure of  $0.75\text{ N/mm}^2$ . The internal diameter is  $3\text{ m}$  and the joint efficiency