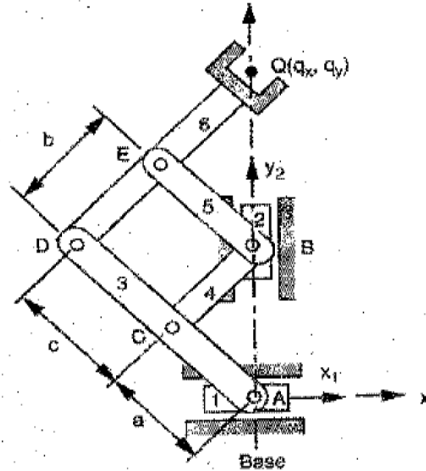


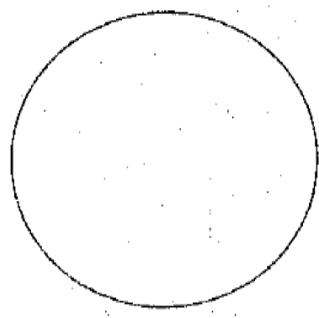
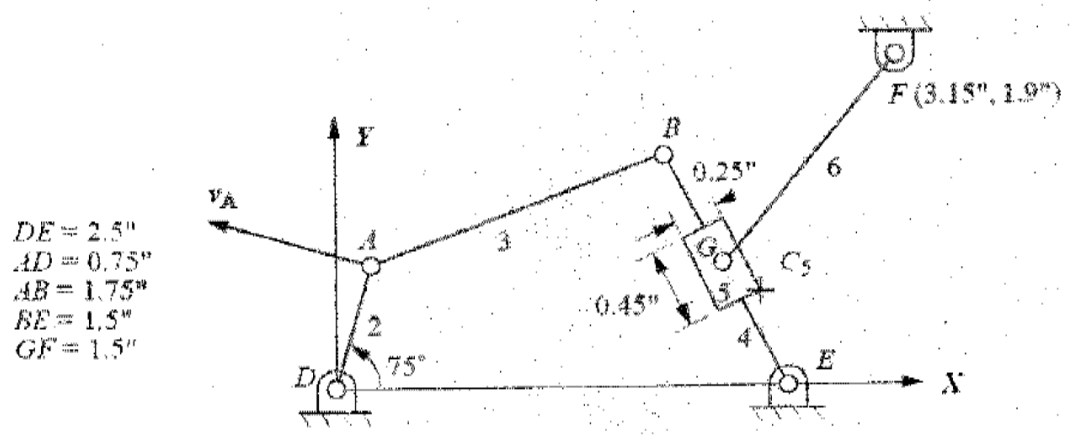


1. a. (8 Marks) (ILO a.4.1) For the linkage shown in the figures, determine the number of degrees of freedom of the mechanisms.

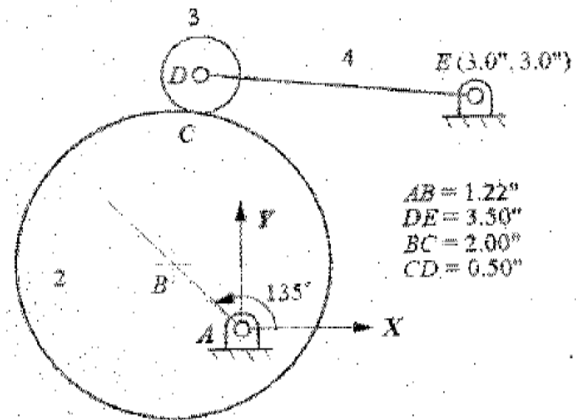


- b. (8 Marks) (ILO a.4.3) Assume that you have a set of the following lengths: 20 mm, 30 mm, 45 mm, 56 mm, and 73 mm. Design a four-bar linkage that can be driven with a continuous-rotation electric motor. Justify your answer with appropriate equations, and make a freehand sketch of the resulting linkage. Label the crank, frame, coupler, and rocker (follower).

2. (16 Marks) (ILO c.13.2) If the velocity of point A on link 2 is 10 in/s as shown, use the instant center method to find the velocity of point C on link 5.

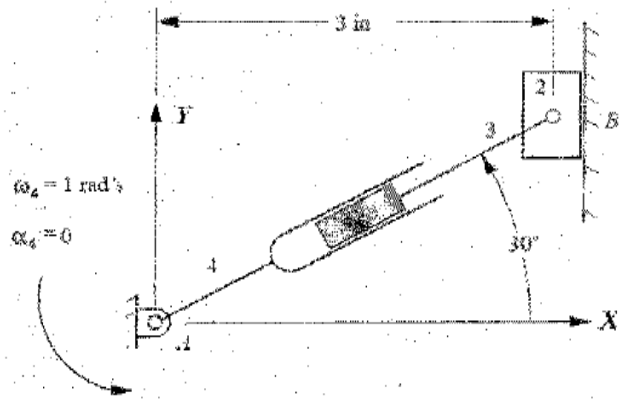


3. (16 Marks) (ILO c.13.2) The circular cam shown is driven at an angular velocity  $\omega_2 = 15 \text{ rad/s}$  (CW) and  $\alpha_2 = 100 \text{ rad/s}^2$  (CW). There is rolling contact between the cam and the roller, link 3. Draw the velocity diagram and find the angular velocity of the oscillating follower, link 4. Use velocity scale  $1 \text{ cm} : 3 \text{ in/s}$ .



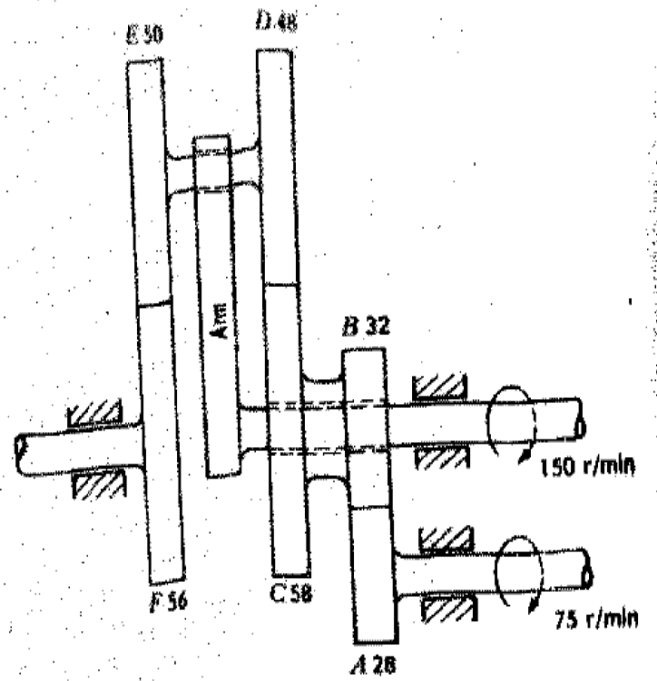
$O_v +$

4. (18 Marks) (ILO c.13.2) In the mechanism shown,  $\omega_4 = 1 \text{ rad/s}$  CW (constant). Using the analytical method, determine the velocity and acceleration of point  $B$ .





6. (16 Marks) (ILO b.2.2) In the gear train shown, determine the angular velocity of the gear F.



7. (16 Marks) (ILO b.2.1) a double-piston mechanism shown in the figure is assumed to be in equilibrium under the action of external forces  $P$  and  $S$  and an input torque  $T_2$ . Find the input torque  $T_2$  and the pin forces at  $A$ ,  $C$ ,  $O_2$  as well as the contact force between the pistons and their guides.

