



**This exam measure the following ILOS (a.19, b.15, c.15, and c.17)**

**Please, answer all of them; assume any missing data; manage your time.**

Q1: (15 Marks)

a) What is meant by Electrical Drives? And what are the different factors for the selection of electrical drives? [5 Marks]

b) A drive used in a hoist to raise and lower weights up to 400 kg at velocities up to  $\pm 2$  m/s. The weight hangs from a cable that is wound on a drum of radius of 0.4 m. The drum is driven by the drive motor through a gearbox that has an efficiency of 85%. The maximum speed of the motor is  $\pm 1300$  rpm. It is required to: (i) Sketch the system and find the nearest integer gearbox ratio that will match the maximum speed of the motor to the maximum velocity of the hoist. (ii) Determine the torque and power provided by the motor when lifting the maximum weight at the maximum velocity. (iii) Calculate the torque and power provided by the motor when lowering the maximum weight at the maximum velocity. [10 Marks]

Q2: (15 Marks)

(a) Draw the typical temperature rise-time curve and derive the equation for temperature rise in an electric drive. [5 Marks]

(b) Explain with needed sketch the different type of mechanical friction [10 Marks]

(c) A motor has a thermal heating time constant of 45 min. When the motor runs continuously on full rating; its final temperature rise is  $75^{\circ}\text{C}$ . (i) What is the temperature rise after two hour if the motor runs continuously on full load? (ii) If the temperature on one hour rating is  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ , find the maximum steady temperature at this rating. [10 Marks]

Q3: (20Mark)

(a) Draw a neat schematic diagram of a four point starter and explain its working? [5 Marks]

(b) Find the value of the step resistance in a 6-stud starter for a 5 h.p. (3.73 kW), 200-V shunt motor. The maximum current in the line is limited to twice the full-load value. The total Cu loss is 50% of the total loss. The normal field current is 0.6 A and the full-load efficiency is found to be 88%. [15 Marks]

Q4: (20 Marks)

(a). Draw and explain the Forward regeneration circuit of Four-Quadrant Chopper Drives and its wave forms [10 Marks]



(b) A dc series motor is powered by a dc chopper as shown in Fig.1. The armature current is continuous and has negligible ripple. If the duty cycle of the chopper is 0.75, determine the (i) input power from the source, (ii) equivalent input resistance of the chopper drive, (iii) motor speed and (iv) developed torque. The back emf constant of the motor  $k_v = 15.27 \text{ mV/A-rad/s}$ . [10 Marks]

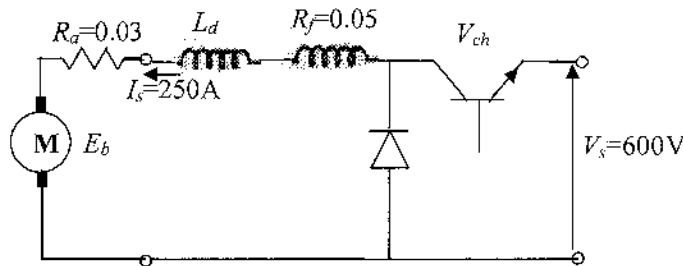


Fig.1

Q5: (20 Marks)

(a) Compare between both the rotor voltage injection and voltage / frequency methods for controlling the induction motor speed, support your answer with the characteristics curves for both methods. [5 Marks]

(b) A 400 V, four-poles, 50 Hz, Y-Connected induction motor has an inductive reactance of  $4\Omega$  and a stator resistance of  $0.2\Omega$ . The rotor resistance referred to the stator is  $0.3\Omega$ . The motor is driving a constant-torque load of 60 Nm at a speed of 3000 rpm. Assume that this torque includes the rotational components, calculate the maximum frequency of the supply voltage that will not stop the motor? [15 Marks]

*With our best wishes*

*Associate prof./ Mohamed I. Abd EL\_Wanis*

*Dr. Eng./ Shref emam*